NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2024

GCH33/DCH33 — PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY – III

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

- 1. Compare polarization and over potential.
- 2. Classify the metals based on passivity and give an example of each type.
- 3. Differentiate piezo electricity and ferro electricity of solids.
- 4. How does an edge and screw dislocations happen in solids?
- 5. Give the selection rules of electronic spectroscopy.
- 6. Non-rigid rotator or rigid rotator model describes the rotational motion more accurately. Justify your answer.
- 7. Give a short note on shielding and deshielding in NMR spectroscopy.
- 8. Point out the internal standard for ³¹P NMR.

- Give each one example of Maxwellions, Bosons 9. and Fermions.
- When the Stirling approximation will be useful? 10. Why?

SECTION B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

Discuss the mechanism of the hydrogen 11. (a) evolution reactions.

Or

- Illustrate the areas and lines of a Pourbaix diagram with suitable example.
- Find the magnetic moment of V4+ and Zn2+. 12. (a)

Or

- Write a short note on non-stoichiometric defects in solids.
- Explain the assumption, conclusion and 13. (a) violation of Franck-Condon principle.

Or

- Discuss the Stoke's and Anti-Stoke's lines.
- Give short notes on "Reverse Zeeman Effect" 14. (a) and "Nuclear Zeeman Effect".

Or

NMR spectra of ¹³C, ¹⁹F and ³¹P nuclei - Give examples and explain.

the Maxwell Boltzmann Explain 15. (a) distribution law.

Or

Compare and comment on the concepts of thermodynamic and mathematical Probabilities.

SECTION C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions.

- Derive Butler-Volmer equation for one step one electron transfer reactions and explain the electrodics.
- Give an account on the optical properties of solids. 17.
- Describe the vibrational spectra of polyatomic 18. molecules.
- 19. Discuss the fourier transformation resonance spectroscopy.
- Explain the rotational partition functions for mono 20. and diatomic ideal gases.